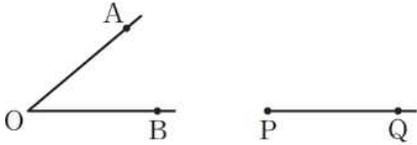
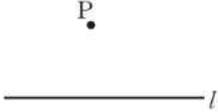
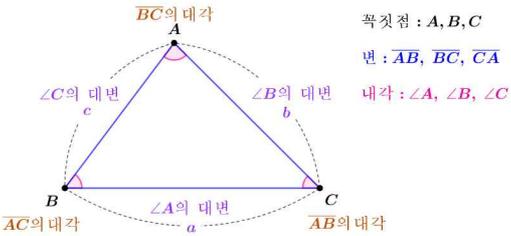




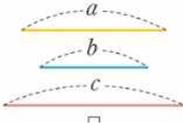
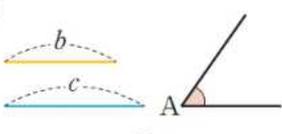
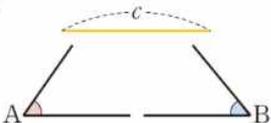
1. 기본도형의 작도 (컴퍼스 이용 필기)

<p>가. 길이가 같은 선분의 작도</p> 	<p>나. 크기가 같은 각의 작도</p> 	<p>다. 평행선의 작도</p> 
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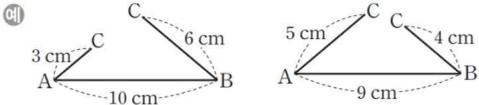
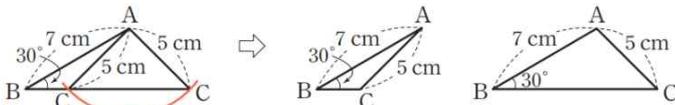
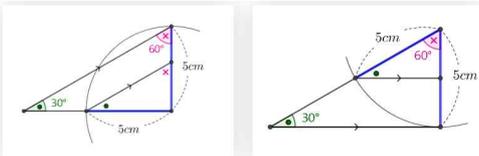
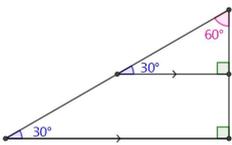
2. 삼각형의 작도

<p>가. 삼각형의 명칭과 용어</p>  <p>꼭짓점 : A, B, C 변 : $\overline{AB}, \overline{BC}, \overline{CA}$ 내각 : $\angle A, \angle B, \angle C$</p>	<p>삼각형 :</p> <hr/> <p>용어 정리</p> <p>-대변</p> <hr/> <p>-대각</p> <hr/>
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나. 삼각형의 작도 (컴퍼스 이용 필기)

<p>(1)</p> 	<p>(2)</p> 	<p>(3)</p> 
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다. 삼각형의 결정조건 추론

<p>세 변의 길이가 주어진 경우</p> <p>(1) $3cm, 6cm, 10cm$ (2) $5cm, 4cm, 9cm$</p> <p>예</p>  <p>조건 수정 :</p>	<p>두 변과 각이 주어진 경우</p> <p>$\overline{AB} = 7cm, \overline{AC} = 5cm, \angle B = 30^\circ$</p>  <p>조건 수정 :</p>
<p>한 변의 길이와 각이 주어진 경우</p> <p>$5cm, 30^\circ, 60^\circ$</p>  <p>조건 수정 :</p>	<p>세 각의 크기가 주어진 경우</p> <p>$30^\circ, 60^\circ, 90^\circ$</p> 

3. 삼각형의 결정 조건

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